(d) the steps being taken by Government for the speedy disposal of the disputed cases through Lok Adalats in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI H.R. BHARDWAJ): (a) Lok Adalats are not regularly constituted Law Courts but are voluntary efforts for resolution of dsiputes through conciliation. Lok Adalats are organised as and when needed. As per the information available with the Committee for Implementing Legal Aid Schemes, Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland are the States where no Lok Adalats have been held so far.

(b) and (c) On the basis of the information provided by the Punjab State Legal Service Board, 168 Lok Adalats have been held in the State of Punjab so far. The number of cases disposed of during 1993-94 was 14,279. It is not possible to fix any target as to the number of cases to be disposed of during 1995-96.

(d) The Government has been regularly providing funds to the State Legal Aid and Advice Boards to organise Lok Adalats throughout the year.

Legislation proposing amendment to Divorce Act

6486. SHRI M. HANUMANTHAPPA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the landmark ruling, given by the Kerala High Court recently, removed some difficult provisions in the Indian Divorce Act; and

(b) if so, the salient features of the ruling and whether Government intend to bring forward a suitable legislation proposing the amendment to Divorce Act to be able to apply it uniformly to all citizens irrespective of whether they belong to Hindu or Christian communities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI H.R. BHARDWAJ): (a) and (b) The Hon'ble High Court of Kerala vide its judgement dated the 24th February, 1995 in O.P. No. 4319/91-L(Ammini E.J. Vs Union. of India and others) and O.P. No. 5805/88 (Mary Sonia Zachariah Vs. Union of India and others) quashed the words 'incestuous' and 'adultery coupled with' from the provisions of section 10 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 and declared that the said section 10 would remain thereafter operatve without the aforsaid words. The Hon'ble High Court has also expressed its hope that the Judgement will have a compelling effect on the Central Government in finalising its proposal in introducing comprehensive reform in the laws governing marriage and divorce among Christians in India. The Government is examining the question of bringing in a comprehensive legislation relating to marriage and divorce among Christians. The proposal involves repealing of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 and the Indian Christan Marriage Act, 1872 and *to* bring in their place a single enactment governing the law relating to marriage and divorce among Christians.

Centrally-sponsored scheme for developing infrasturctural facilities for judiciary

6487. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI V.N. GADGIL:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have approved a centrally sponsored scheme for matching assistance to the States for developing infrastructural facilities of capital nature for the judiciary;

(b) what are the details of the demands preferred by the Government of Maharashtra during the years 1993-94 and